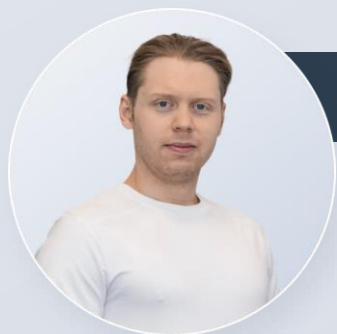


ZABBIX

SUMMIT
2024

DNS improvements in 7.0



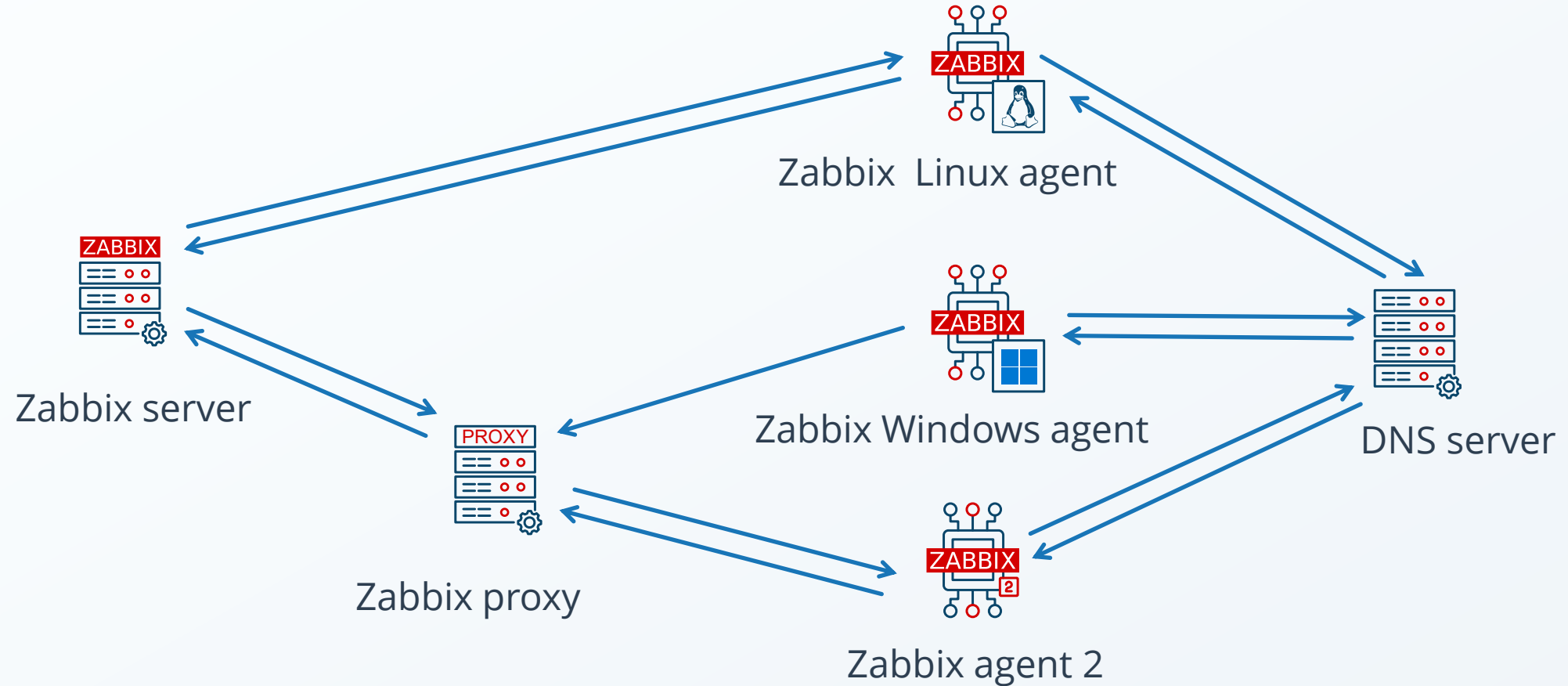
Artjoms Rimdjonoks

C developer

DNS improvements in 7.0

- **Reverse PTR lookups** for all existing and new DNS items
- New item **net.dns.perf**
- New item **net.dns.get**

DNS items are Zabbix agent items



Situation before 7.0

```
net.dns[<ip>,name,<type>,<timeout>,<count>,<protocol>]
```

Checks if the DNS service is up.

Return values:

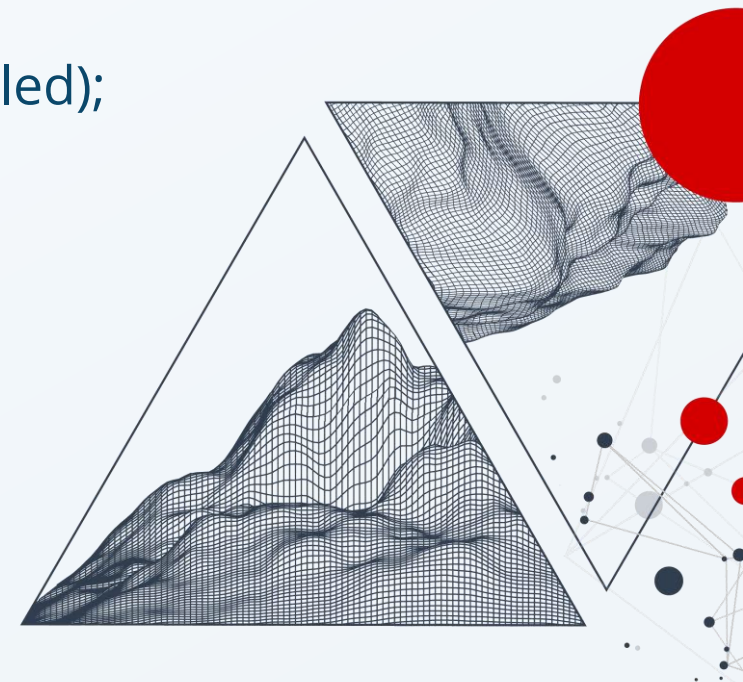
0 - DNS is down (server did not respond or DNS resolution failed);

1 - DNS is up.

```
net.dns[,example.com,A]
```

```
->
```

```
1
```



net.dns.record[<ip>,name,<type>,<timeout>,<count>,<protocol>]

Performs a DNS query.

Return value: a character string with the required type of information.

Type – record type to be queried, possible values:

ANY, A, NS, CNAME, MB, MG, MR, PTR, MD, MF, MX, SOA, NULL, HINFO, MINFO, TXT, SRV
WKS (not supported for Zabbix agent on Windows, Zabbix agent 2 on all OS)

net.dns.record[,example.com,A]

->

example.com A 93.184.215.14

Reverse PTR form

Usability improvement when querying PTR records. (ZBXNEXT-3826)

Can be used for existing and new DNS items.

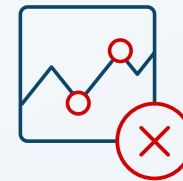
Regular record (any non-PTR) query:

net.dns.record[,example.com,A] -> example.com A 93.184.215.14

PTR record query:

net.dns.record[,107.170.251.121,PTR] –

item becomes unsupported “Cannot perform DNS query.”



We cannot just supply IP to DNS server for a reverse PTR lookup...

- 1) **IP addresses need to be inverted** (because when they are read from left to right - they get more specific)
- 2) need to **add “.in-addr.arpa”** domain for ipv4, (“**.ip6.arpa**” for ipv6), since reverse lookups are stored in this special domain

Examples:

```
net.dns.record[,121.251.170.107.in-addr.arpa, PTR]
```

```
net.dns.record[,c.2.b.8.b.6.f.a.a.d.0.8.0.2.8.6.7.0.b.c.f.1.2.0.0.0.8.2.6.0.6.2.ip6.arpa., PTR]
```

How does the world outside Zabbix handle it?

dig tool supports -x option to improve usability:

```
dig 121.251.170.107.in-addr.arpa. PTR  
dig -x 107.170.251.121
```

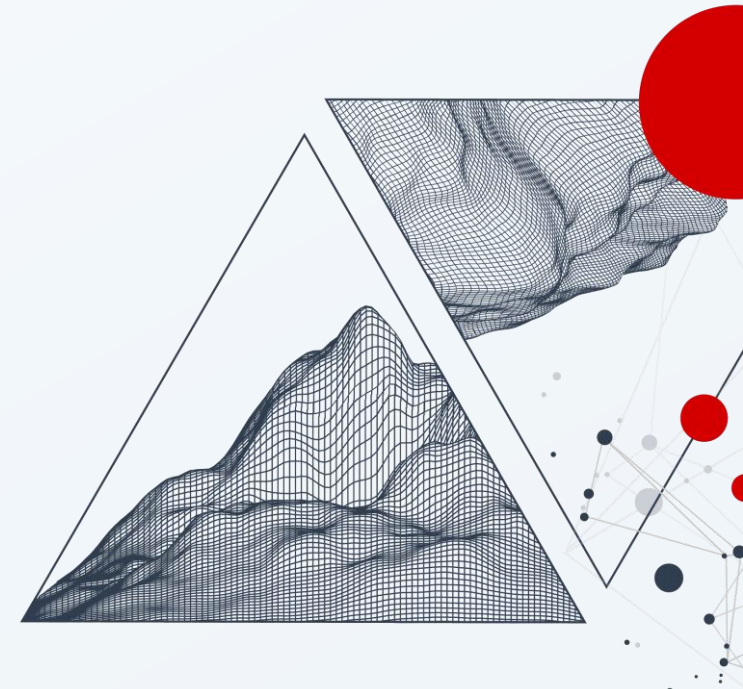
```
dig c.2.b.8.b.6.f.a.a.d.0.8.0.2.8.6.7.0.b.c.f.1.2.0.0.0.8.2.6.0.6.2.ip6.arpa. PTR  
dig -x 2606:2800:21f:cb07:6820:80da:af6b:8b2c
```


In Zabbix 7.0 in addition to the original form,
new form can now also be used:



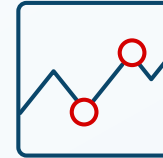
```
net.dns.record[,107.170.251.121, PTR]
```

```
net.dns[,2606:2800:21f:cb07:6820:80da:af6b:8b2c, PTR]
```



net.dns.perf

Measures response time for a DNS-query.

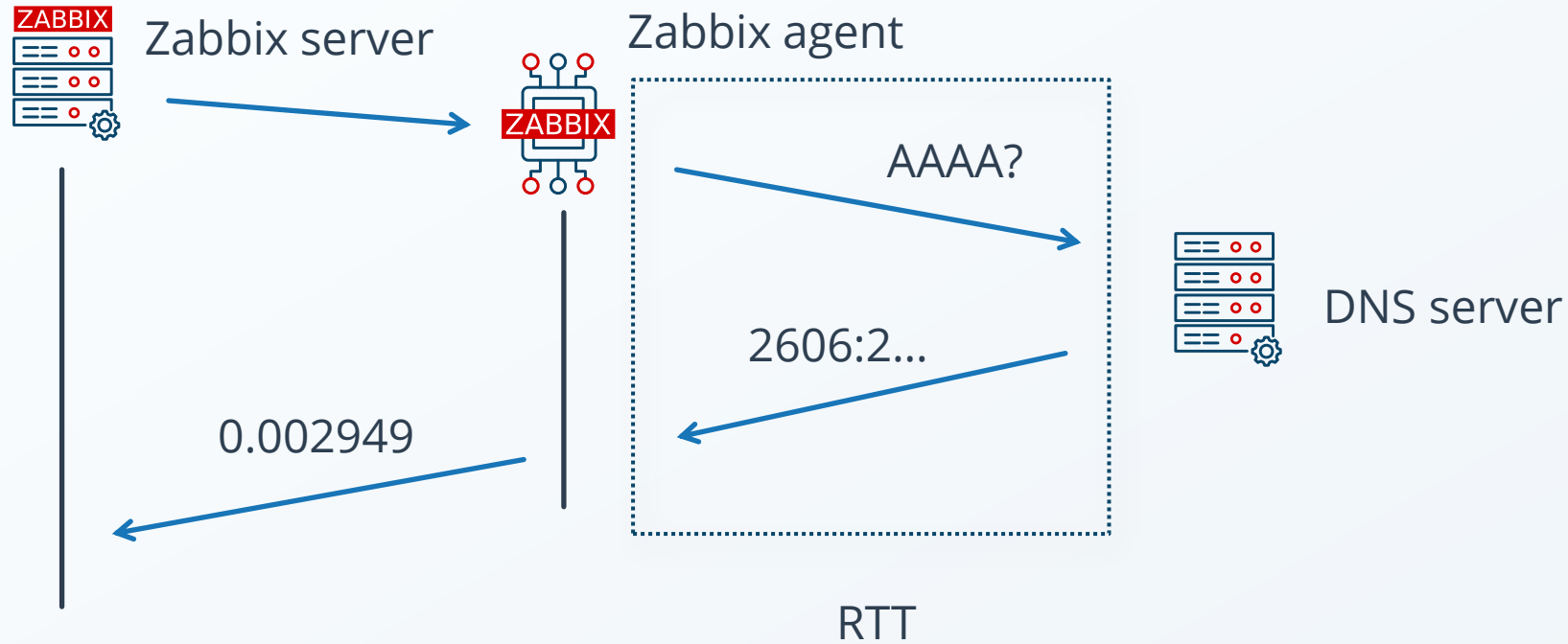


Added to Zabbix agent 1 and 2.

ZBXNEXT-5401 (thanks to Robert Young for the patch proposal)

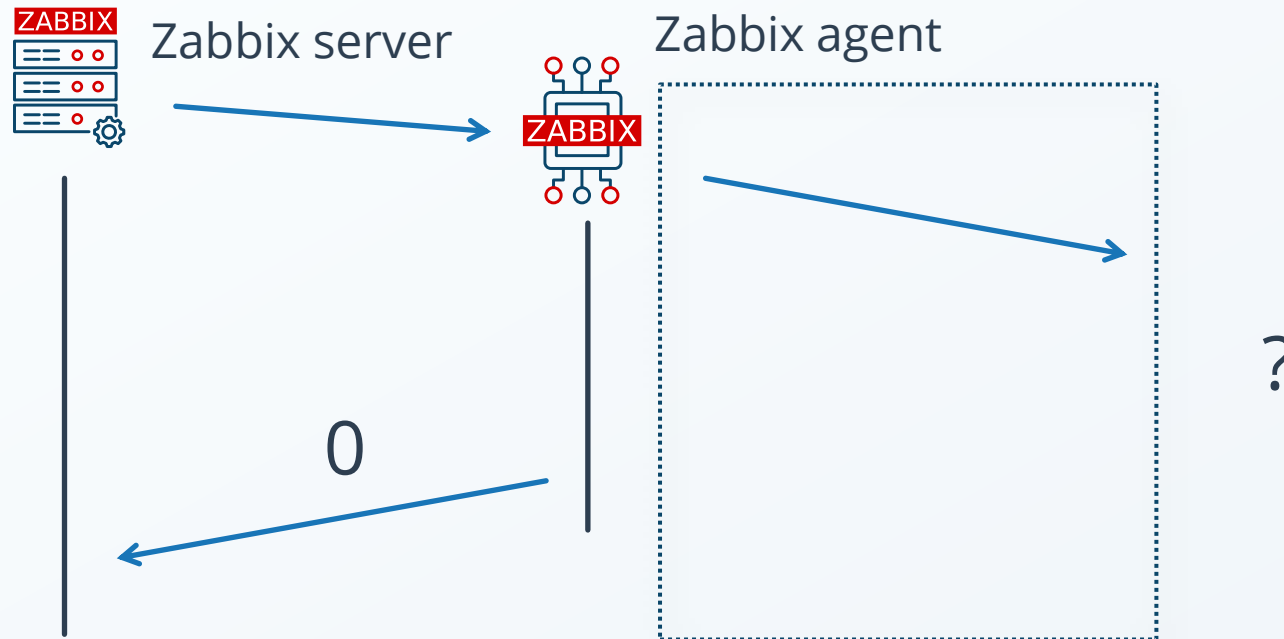
net.dns.perf[<ip>,name,<type>,<timeout>,<count>,<protocol>]

net.dns.perf measures RTT from Zabbix agent to DNS server...

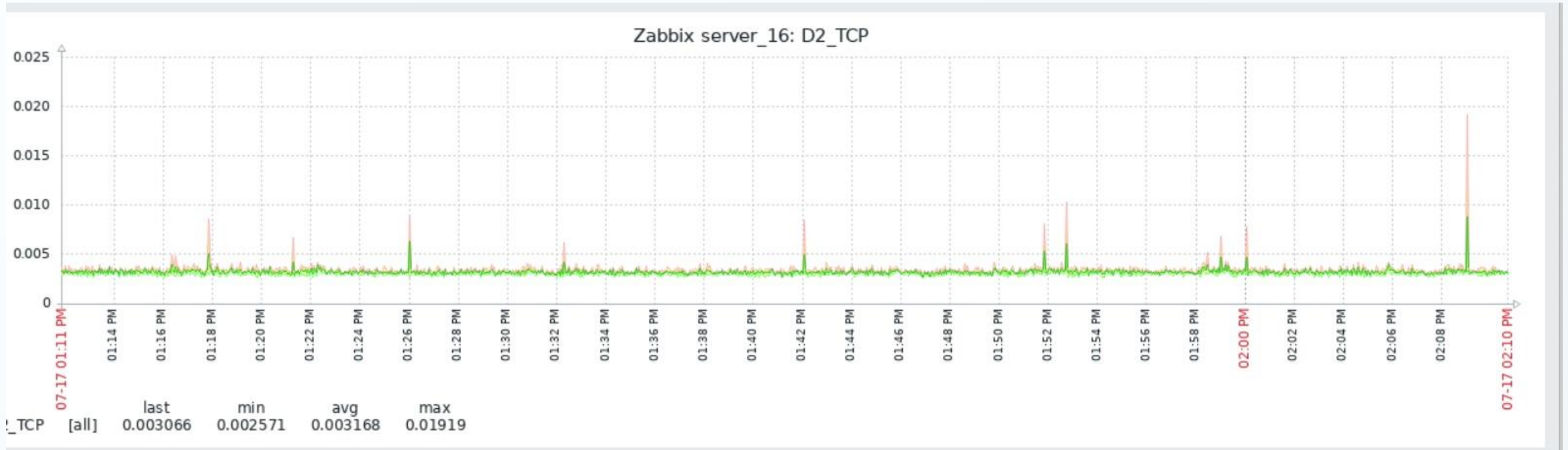


...even if query was not resolved and DNS server returned an error.
(e.g. when NXDOMAIN or SERVFAIL was received)

When connection to the DNS server could not be made (timeout) – it returns **0**.



So, we can have a nice graph:



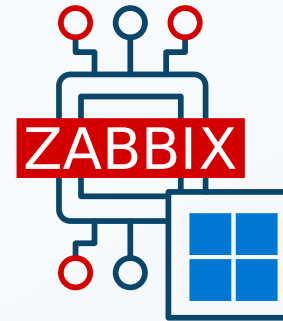
Windows note

For:

```
net.dns[<ip>,...
```

```
net.dns.record[<ip>,...
```

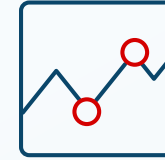
```
net.dns.perf[<ip>,...
```



- ip is ignored on Windows, when using Zabbix agent 1 (and also timeout and count..)
- Windows DNS C library uses Windows system DNS resolver, before connecting to other remote DNS servers.
- On Windows 0 could be returned only when Zabbix agent 1 fails to connect to the local resolver...

net.dns.get

Before 7.0 for querying record type there was only:



```
net.dns.record[<ip>,name,<type>,<timeout>,<count>,<protocol>]
```

Return value: a character string with the required type of information.

```
net.dns.record[,example.com,A]
```

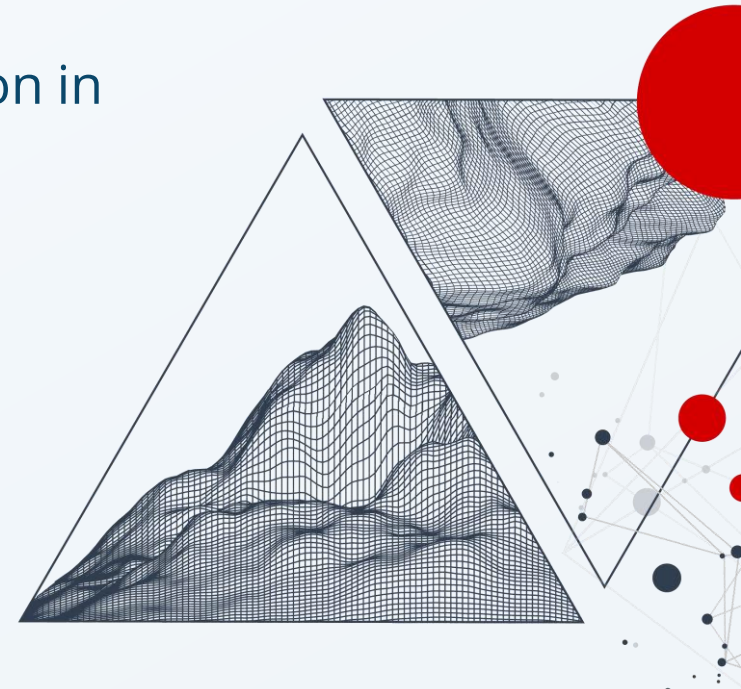
->

```
example.com A 93.184.215.14
```

Record types: ANY, A, NS, CNAME, MB, MG, MR, PTR, MD, MF, MX, SOA, NULL, WKS, HINFO, MINFO, TXT, SRV, (not supported for Zabbix agent on Windows, Zabbix agent 2 on all OS),

```
net.dns.get[<ip>,name,<type>,<timeout>,<count>,<protocol>,"<flags>"]
```

- An extended version of the net.dns.record Zabbix agent item with more record types and customizable flags supported..
- Performs a DNS query and returns detailed DNS record information in JSON.



1. Can query more record types !

A, NS, MD, MF, CNAME, SOA, MB, MG, MR, PTR, NULL, HINFO, MINFO, MX, TXT, SRV

+

RP, AFSDDB, X25, ISDN, RT, NSAPPTR, SIG, KEY, PX, GPOS, AAAA, LOC, NXT, EID, NIMLOC,, ATMA, NAPTR, KX, CERT, DNAME, OPT, APL, DS, SSHFP, IPSECKEY, RRSIG, NSEC, DNSKEY, DHCID, NSEC3, NSEC3PARAM, TLSA, SMIMEA, HIP, NINFO, RKEY, TALINK, CDS, CDNSKEY, OPENPGPKEY, CSYNC, ZONEMD, SVCB, HTTPS, SPF, UINFO, UID, GID, UNSPEC, NID, L32, L64, LP, EUI48, EUI64, URI, CAA, AVC, AMTRELAY

Note, there are no WKS and ANY record types:

- 1) ANY is deprecated (RFC8482) ...
- 2) WKS is not used in practice

Non-capital cases or mixed cases are not allowed in item key arguments.

2. Can pass Flags !

flag	opposite flag	comment
cdflag	nocdflag(default)	checking disabled (dnssec only)
rdflag(default)	nordflag	recursion desired
dnssec	nodnssec (default)	
nsid	nonsid (default)	
edns0 (default)	noedns0	
aaflag	noaaflag (default)	authoritative answer
adflag	noadflag (default)	authenticated data (dnssec only)

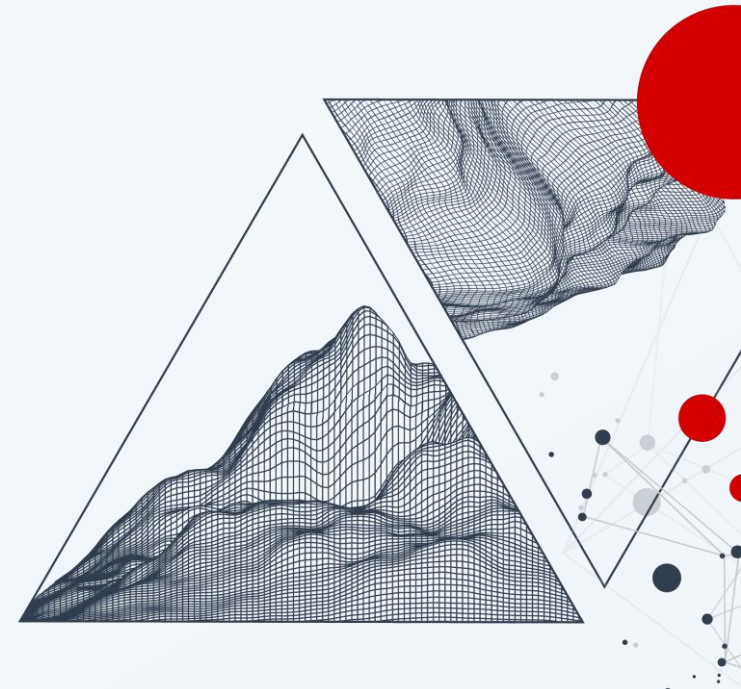
Other tools like dig allow the following when supplying flags:

```
dig zabbix.com +short +noshort +short
```

```
104.26.7.148
```

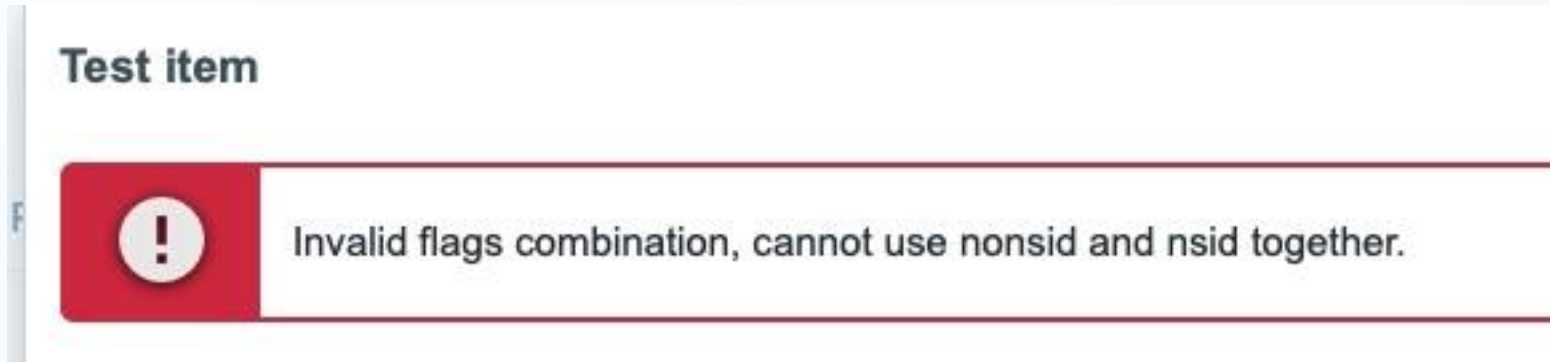
```
104.26.6.148
```

```
dig +dnssec +nodnssec zabbix.com DS
```



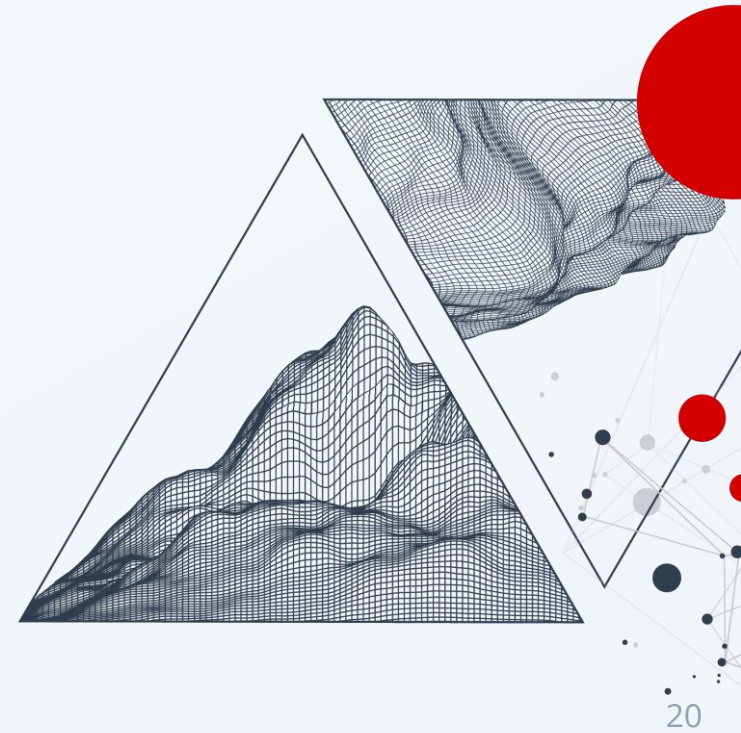
net.dns.get has some checks:

```
net.dns.get[,zabbix.com,A,,,,"nonsid,nsid"]
```



One more example:

```
net.dns.get[,zabbix.com,A,,,,"noedns0,nsid"]
```



3. return is a JSON!

```
net.dns.get[,zabbix.com,A,,,,"nsid"]
```

Result:

```
{"additional_section":[{"extended_rcode":0,"name":".", "rdata":{"options":[{"code":0,"nsid":"3338 66 30 62 32 37 66 39 39 34 32 34 38 31 37 39 66 37 39 63 31 35 36 64 38 31 61 36 33 30 322e 72 65 73 6f 6c 76 65 64 2e 73 79 73 74 65 6d 64 2e 696f"}]},"rdlength":56,"type":"OPT","udp_payload":65494}], "answer_section":[{"class":"IN","name":"zabbix.com.", "rdata":{"a":"104.26.6.148"},"rdlength":4,"ttl":120,"type":"A"}, {"class":"IN","name":"zabbix.com.", "rdata":{"a":"104.26.7.148"},"rdlength":4,"ttl":120,"type":"A"}, {"class":"IN","name":"zabbix.com.", "rdata":{"a":"172.67.69.4"},"rdlength":4,"ttl":120,"type":"A"}], "flags":["RD","RA"], "query_time":"0.02", "question_section":[{"qclass":"IN","qname":"zabbix.com.", "qtype":"A"}], "response_code":"NOERROR","zbx_error_code":0}
```

Result can be easily preprocessed with **JSONPath**:

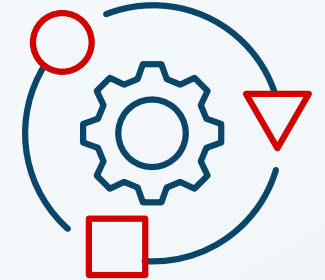
```
$.['additional_section'][0]['rdata']['options'][0]['nsid']
```

Item Tags **Preprocessing 1**

Preprocessing steps ?

Name	Parameters
1: JSONPath	\$.['additional_section'][0]['rdata']['options'][0]['nsid']

Add



Result:

```
33 38 66 30 62 32 37 66 39 39 34 32 34 38 31 37 39 66 37 39 63 31 35 36 64 38 31 61 36 33 30  
32 2e 72 65 73 6f 6c 76 65 64 2e 73 79 73 74 65 6d 64 2e 69 6f
```

Return JSON always has:

- 1) **"query_time"** (in seconds, float type) e.g. "query_time": "0.02"
- 2) **"zbx_error_code"** (with optional **"zbx_error_msg"** if there is an error)

Scenario	"zbx_error_code"	"zbx_error_msg"
No errors and the DNS response was received and parsed.	0	
DNS is down.	-1	"Communication error"
Error occurs during JSON parsing	-2	"Received unexpected response"

Use-case

Let's say we want to display:

- `nsid`
- `response_code`
- `query_time`

values in Dashboard widgets...

What do we do ?

Should we create 3 `net.dns.get` items now ?

Use-case

net.dns.get, like other *.get items that return multiple metric in bulk JSON:

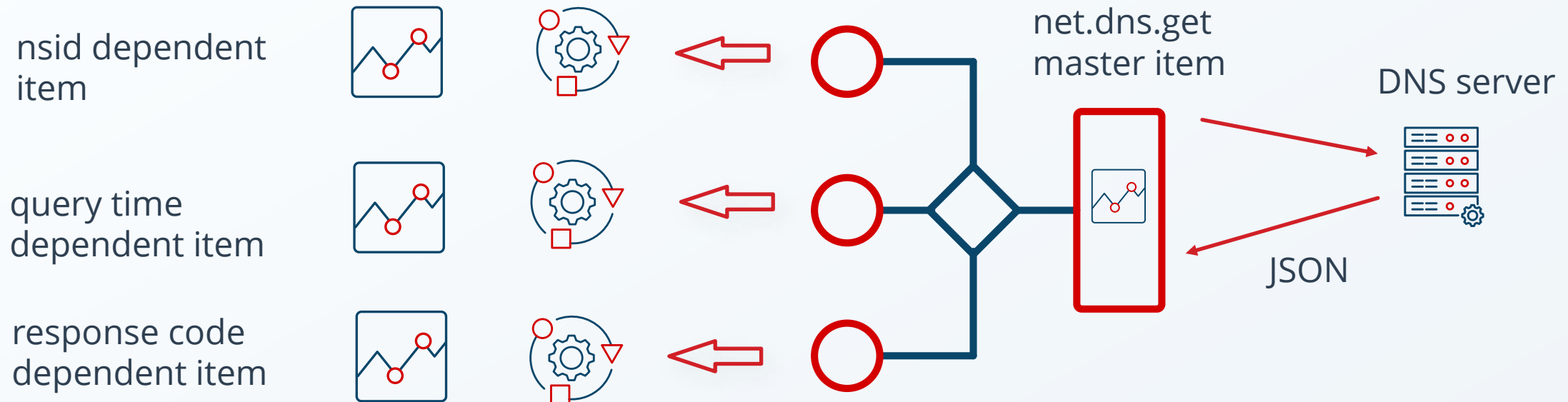
- proc.get
- system.sw.packages.get
- vfs.dir.get
- etc ...

(except web.page.get (historical reasons))

are designed to work as **master items**, which provide input data for multiple dependent items for further preprocessing.

Use-case

- Single, expensive master item extracts bulk metrics.
- Several dependent items extract from master item particular metric they want.
- Any item can be a master item, even the dependent item.
- *.get items return JSON, which allows more advanced/easier preprocessing.



Dependent items

We need 3 new dependent items that will take value from net.dns.get master item.

Name ▲	Triggers	Key	Interval	History	Trends	Type
net.dns.get		net.dns.get[8.8.8.8,www.zabbix.com,A,,, "nsid"]	1s	31d		Zabbix agent
net.dns.get: net.dns.get_NSID		net.dns.get_NSID		31d		Dependent item
net.dns.get: net.dns.get_QUERY_TIME		net.dns.get_QUERY_TIME		31d	0	Dependent item
net.dns.get: net.dns.get_RESPONSE_CODE		net.dns.get_RESPONSE_CODE		31d		Dependent item

Dependent items

query time preprocessing

`$.['query_time']`

Item ? ×

Item Tags **Preprocessing 1**

Preprocessing steps ?	Name	Parameters	Custom on fail	Actions
1:	JSONPath	<code>\$.['query_time']</code>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Test Remove

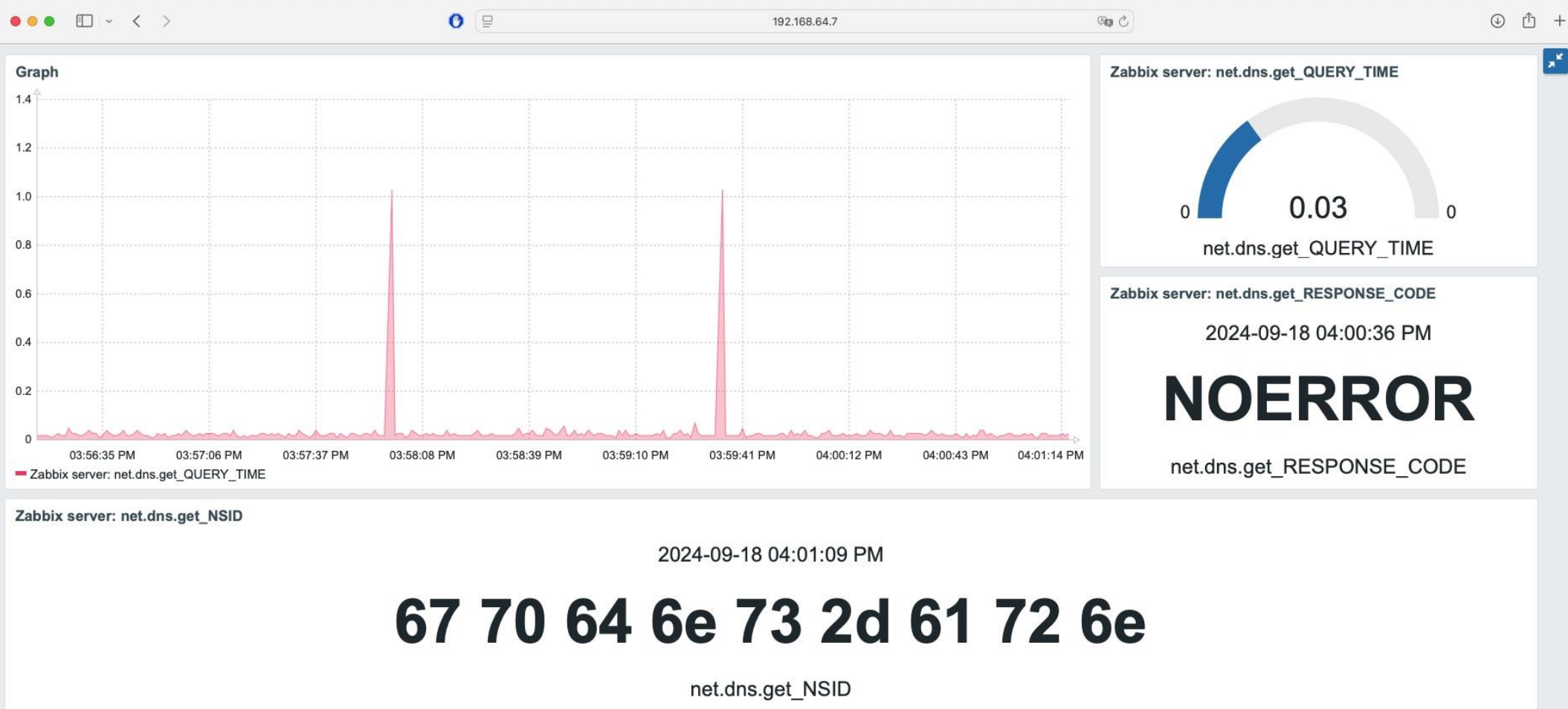
[Add](#)

Type of information: Numeric (float) ▼

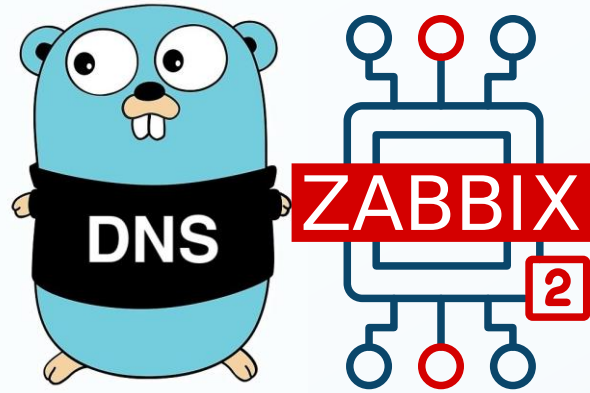
[Update](#) [Clone](#) [Execute now](#) [Test](#) [Clear history and trends](#) [Delete](#) [Cancel](#)

[Test all steps](#)

Dashboard widgets

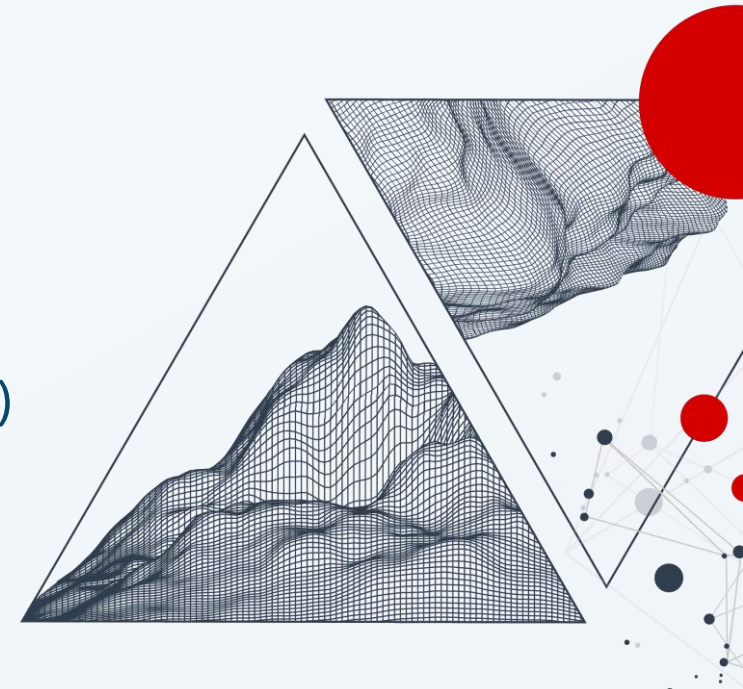


Available only for Zabbix agent 2

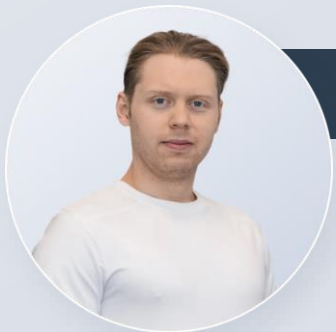


... since there is different DNS C library for every OS ...

And in Go – we could use just the one (<https://github.com/miekg/dns>)



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