

Going Down!



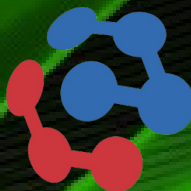
Using Low-Level
Discoveries in practice

Who am I

Raymond Kuiper

- Infrastructure Specialist @ Competa IT
- Zabbix fan since 2006
- zbxtutorials.org
- NLZGG –  Dutch Zabbix user group

ZABBIX
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What is LLD?

“Low-level discovery provides a way to automatically create items, triggers, and graphs for different entities on a computer.”

- the Zabbix manual

What is LLD?

A Low-Level Discovery rule uses:

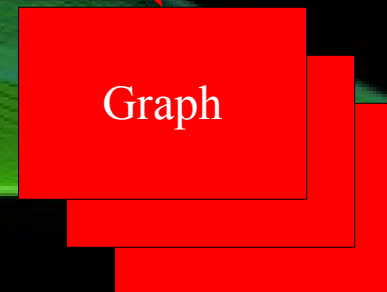
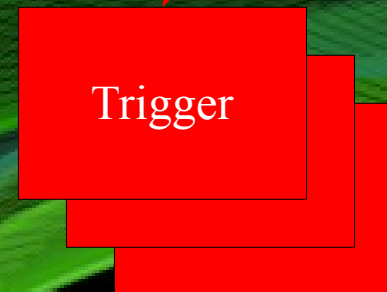
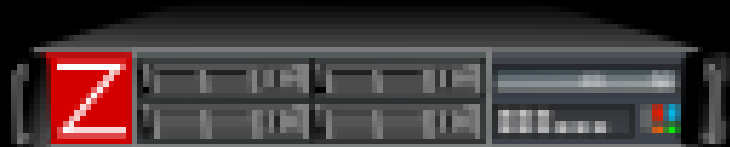
- a discovery item that returns the discovery data in JSON formatted
- that discovery data on prototypes to create new items triggers and graphs.

What is LLD?



```
{  
  "data": [  
    { "#FSNAME": "V", "FSTYPE": "ext3" },  
    { "#FSNAME": "VlibVinitVrw", "FSTYPE": "tmpfs" },  
    { "#FSNAME": "VdevVshm", "FSTYPE": "tmpfs" },  
    { "#FSNAME": "Vhome", "FSTYPE": "ext3" },  
    { "#FSNAME": "Vtmp", "FSTYPE": "ext3" },  
    { "#FSNAME": "Vusr", "FSTYPE": "ext3" },  
    { "#FSNAME": "Vvar", "FSTYPE": "ext3" },  
    { "#FSNAME": "VsysVfsVfuseVconnections", "FSTYPE": "fusectl" }  
  ]  
}
```

What is LLD?



What is LLD?

These macros can be used for

item prototypes in:

- names
- keys
- SNMP OIDs
- calculated item formulas
- SSH and Telnet scripts
- database monitor item parameters

trigger prototypes in:

- names
- expressions (when referencing an item key prototype)

graph prototypes in:

- names

What is LLD?

The item used for discovery can be *any* item as long as it outputs the JSON format Zabbix expects.

What is LLD?

Items, triggers and graphs that are no longer discovered are cleaned up after a predefined period of time.

Native Zabbix Agent LLD

The Zabbix agent has two types of LLD available by default:

- Filesystem discovery (`vfs.fs.discovery`)
- Network interface discovery (`net.if.discovery`)

Native Zabbix Agent LLD

Filesystem discovery (`vfs.fs.discovery`) returns these macros:

- `{#FSNAME}` - Mount location or drive letter
- `{#FSTYPE}` - Filesystem type (e.g. ext4, vfat)

Native Zabbix Agent LLD

Network interface discovery (net.if.discovery) returns this macro:

- `{#IFNAME}` – Interface name (e.g. eth0, lo)

Native SNMP LLD

The SNMP Discovery:

- can use any SNMP OID as a discovery item (uses an SNMP walk)
- will return these two macros:
 - {#SNMPINDEX} – the last part of the OID discovered (after the “.”)
 - {#SNMPVALUE} – the value of the OID discovered

Native SNMP LLD

SNMP Walk:

```
$ snmpwalk -v 2c -c public 192.168.1.1 IF-MIB::ifDescr
IF-MIB::ifDescr.1 = STRING: WAN
IF-MIB::ifDescr.2 = STRING: LAN1
IF-MIB::ifDescr.3 = STRING: LAN2
```

Zabbix Discovery of IF-MIB::ifDescr:

```
{#SNMPINDEX} -> 1 {#SNMPVALUE} -> WAN
{#SNMPINDEX} -> 2 {#SNMPVALUE} -> LAN1
{#SNMPINDEX} -> 3 {#SNMPVALUE} -> LAN2
```


LLD Filters

You can define *one* regex filter per discovery rule to match macro values used for populating prototypes.

For example:

```
^(btrfs|ext2|ext3|ext4|jfs|reiser|xfs|ffs|ufs|jfs|jfs2|vxfs|hfs|ntfs|fat32)$
```

Ok, so what can I do with this?



Case 1: FS discovery

Discovery rule

Name

Type

Key

Update interval (in sec)

Flexible intervals

Interval	Period	Action
No flexible intervals defined.		

New flexible interval Interval (in sec) Period

Keep lost resources period
(in days)

Filter Macro Regexp

Description

Status

Case 1: FS discovery

Item : Free disk space on \$1 (percentage)

Name

Type

Key

Type of information

Units

Use custom multiplier

Update interval (in sec)

Flexible intervals

Interval	Period	Action
No flexible intervals defined.		

New flexible interval Interval (in sec) Period

Keep history (in days)

Keep trends (in days)

Store value

Show value [show value mappings](#)

New application

Applications

Description

Enabled


Case 1: FS discovery

Item prototypes of Mounted filesystem discovery

Displaying 1 to 5 of 5 found

« [Template list](#) Template: [Template OS Linux](#) « [Discovery list](#) Discovery: [Mounted filesystem discovery](#) Item prototypes (5)

[Trigger prototypes \(2\)](#) [Graph prototypes \(1\)](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name 	Key	Interval	History	Trends	Type	Status	Applications
<input type="checkbox"/>	Free disk space on {#FSNAME}	vfs.fs.size[{#FSNAME},free]	60	7	365	Zabbix agent	Enabled	Filesystems
<input type="checkbox"/>	Free disk space on {#FSNAME} (percentage)	vfs.fs.size[{#FSNAME},pfree]	60	7	365	Zabbix agent	Enabled	Filesystems
<input type="checkbox"/>	Free inodes on {#FSNAME} (percentage)	vfs.fs.inode[{#FSNAME},ptree]	60	7	365	Zabbix agent	Enabled	Filesystems
<input type="checkbox"/>	Total disk space on {#FSNAME}	vfs.fs.size[{#FSNAME},total]	3600	7	365	Zabbix agent	Enabled	Filesystems
<input type="checkbox"/>	Used disk space on {#FSNAME}	vfs.fs.size[{#FSNAME},used]	60	7	365	Zabbix agent	Enabled	Filesystems

Case 1: FS discovery

Trigger

Name

Expression

[Expression constructor](#)

Multiple PROBLEM events

generation

Description

URL

Severity

Enabled

Case 2: Windows Services

Need:

Activate triggers for services that are auto started but no longer running.

Case 2: Windows Services

Zabbix Agent has no capability of discovering
Windows services

ZBXNEXT-1368
(Please vote!)

Case 2: Windows Services

My Solution:

Powershell script to grab autostart services from WMI and return their attributes as LLD macros.

(<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/q1x/zabbix-templates/master/service-discovery/servdisc.ps1>)

Case 2: Windows Services

{#SERVICENAME}	The name of the Windows service
{#SERVICEDISPLAY}	The displayname of the Windows service
{#SERVICESTATE}	The state of the Windows service
{#SERVICEDESC}	The Windows service description

Case 2: Windows Services

Template does a discovery automatically started services currently in the running state.

It filters the `{#SERVICESTATE}` macro for the string "Running".

(https://raw.githubusercontent.com/q1x/zabbix-templates/master/service-discovery/Template_Windows_Service_Discovery.xml)

Case 2: Windows Services

Windows service discovery : Service Windows Update state	Triggers (1)	service_state[wuauerv]	30	90	365	Zabbix agent	Windows Services	Enabled	✓
Windows service discovery : Service Workstation state	Triggers (1)	service_state[LanmanWorkstation]	30	90	365	Zabbix agent	Windows Services	Enabled	✓
Windows service discovery : Service Zabbix Agent state	Triggers (1)	service_state[Zabbix Agent]	30	90	365	Zabbix agent	Windows Services	Enabled	✓

Average	Windows service discovery : Service Windows Update is not running on {HOSTNAME}	{win7test:service_state[wuauerv].last(0)}#0
Average	Windows service discovery : Service Workstation is not running on {HOSTNAME}	{win7test:service_state[LanmanWorkstation].last(0)}#0
Average	Windows service discovery : Service Zabbix Agent is not running on {HOSTNAME}	{win7test:service_state[Zabbix Agent].last(0)}#0

Service Windows Update state	14 Dec 2012 11:36:49	0	-	Graph
Service Workstation state	14 Dec 2012 11:36:55	0	-	Graph
Service Zabbix Agent state	14 Dec 2012 11:36:51	0	-	Graph

Case 3: Linux processes

Question in #zabbix:

“How to monitor CPU usage of separate processes under Linux?”

Case 3: Linux processes

Solution: Template and 2 custom user parameters

- `ps.discovery` - Returns a list of monitorable processes
- `proc.cpu[*]` - Calculates CPU usage

(<https://github.com/q1x/zabbix-templates/tree/master/process-discovery>)

Case 3: Linux processes

ps.discovery returns:

- {#PSNAME} - The name of the found process
- {#PSUSER} - The user account running the process

Case 3: Linux processes

Template includes items for the number of processes and the memory usage of each process.

(https://raw.githubusercontent.com/q1x/zabbix-templates/master/service-discovery/Template_Windows_Service_Discovery.xml)

Case 3: Linux processes

<disclaimer>

!!! Highly experimental, use at your own risk !!!

</disclaimer>

Case 3: Linux processes



Case 3: Linux processes

Use filters to limit the number of created items!

Item update interval will hammer the agent!

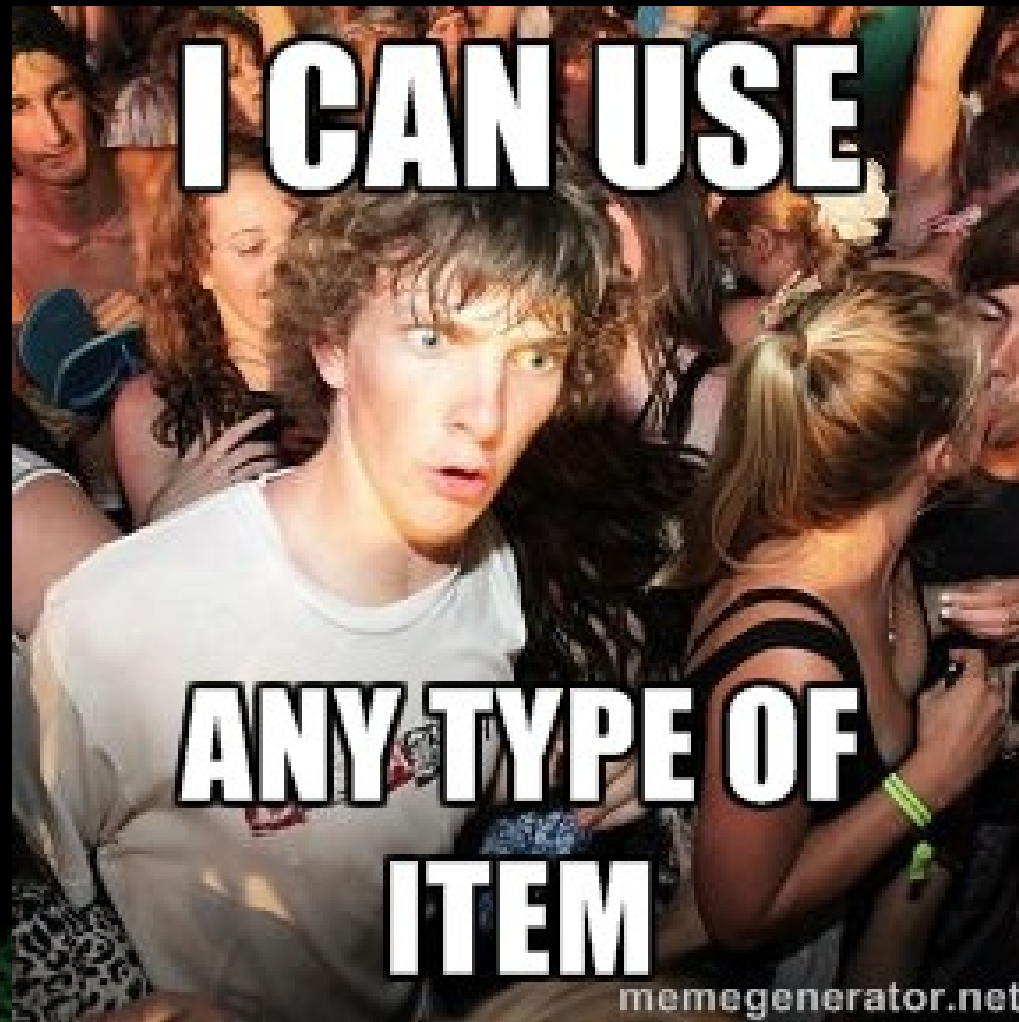
Case 3: Linux processes

CPU usage of zabbix_agentd processes owned by zabbix	16 Apr 12:05:10	3.6 %	-	Grafiek
CPU usage of zabbix_server processes owned by zabbix	16 Apr 12:05:11	0 %	-	Grafiek
CPU usage of grep processes owned by zabbix	16 Apr 12:05:22	0 %	-	Grafiek
CPU usage of top processes owned by root	16 Apr 12:05:25	0 %	-	Grafiek
CPU usage of apt processes owned by root	16 Apr 12:05:28	0 %	-	Grafiek

Memory usage of xfslogd processes owned by root	16 Apr 12:05:34	0 B	-	Grafiek
Memory usage of rsyslogd processes owned by syslog	16 Apr 12:05:35	243.63 MB	-	Grafiek
Memory usage of whoopsie processes owned by whoopsie	16 Apr 12:05:36	183.19 MB	-	Grafiek
Memory usage of apache2 processes owned by www-data	16 Apr 12:05:37	2.8 GB	+1.25 MB	Grafiek
Memory usage of php5-fpm processes owned by www-data	16 Apr 12:05:38	871.73 MB	-	Grafiek

Number of zabbix_agentd processes owned by zabbix	16 Apr 12:06:20	6	-	Grafiek
Number of zabbix_server processes owned by zabbix	16 Apr 12:06:21	27	-	Grafiek
Number of grep processes owned by zabbix	16 Apr 12:06:24	1	+1	Grafiek
Number of top processes owned by root	16 Apr 12:06:27	0	-	Grafiek
Number of apt processes owned by root	16 Apr 12:06:06	0	-	Grafiek

Sudden Realization



Trapper Discovery

Use `zabbix_sender` to send new 'discovered' items to Zabbix.

Allows for a very dynamic set of items

Case 4: NetFlow

Could be ideal for things like syslog, snmp traps or netflow!

(ZBX-6315 : LLD triggers are deleted immediately if not discovered anymore)

Case 4: NetFlow

“NetFlow is a network protocol developed by Cisco Systems for collecting IP traffic information. NetFlow has become an industry standard for traffic monitoring and is supported on various platforms.”

- Wikipedia

Case 4: NetFlow



Case 4: NetFlow

Using Ncapd and scripting Nfdump and Zabbix_sender, we can push Netflow data to Zabbix.

(<http://http://nfdump.sourceforge.net/>)

Case 4: NetFlow



Case 4: NetFlow

Discovery rule

Name

Type ▼

Key

Keep lost

resources period
(in days)

Filter Macro Regexp

Allowed hosts

Description

Status ▼

Case 4: NetFlow

Item prototype

Name

Type

Key

Type of information

Units

Use custom multiplier

Keep history (in days)

Keep trends (in days)

Store value

Show value [show value mappings](#)

Allowed hosts


New application

Applications

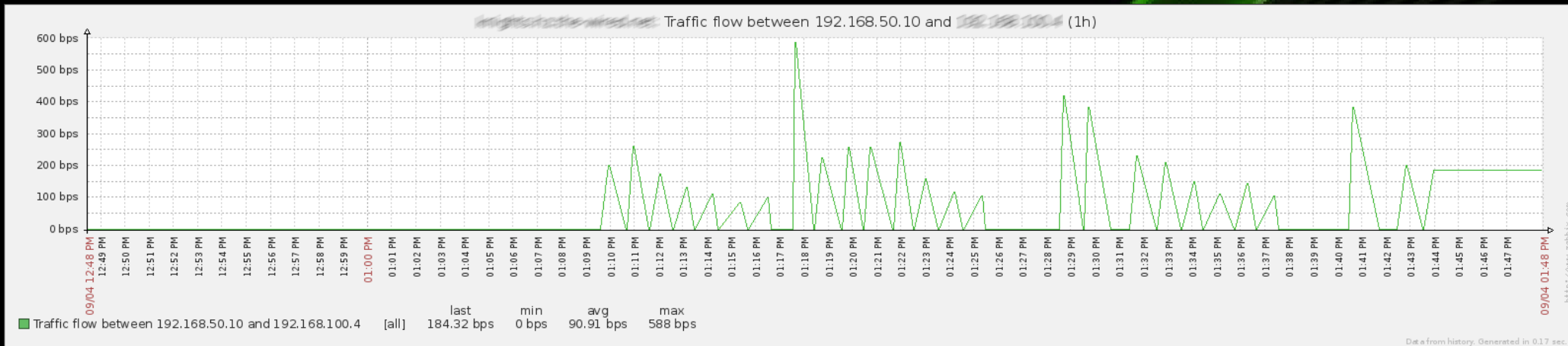
Description

Enabled

Case 4: NetFlow

Name 	Triggers	Key	Interval	History	Trends	Type	Applications
Netflow discovery : Traffic flow between ██████████ and 192.168.100.5		netflow[██████████,192.168.100.5]		90	365	Zabbix trapper	Netflow
Netflow discovery : Traffic flow between ██████████ and 192.168.100.5		netflow[██████████,192.168.100.5]		90	365	Zabbix trapper	Netflow
Netflow discovery : Traffic flow between ██████████ and 192.168.100.5		netflow[██████████,192.168.100.5]		90	365	Zabbix trapper	Netflow
Netflow discovery : Traffic flow between ██████████ and 192.168.100.5		netflow[██████████,192.168.100.5]		90	365	Zabbix trapper	Netflow
Netflow discovery : Traffic flow between ██████████ and 192.168.100.5		netflow[██████████,192.168.100.5]		90	365	Zabbix trapper	Netflow
Netflow discovery : Traffic flow between ██████████ and 192.168.100.5		netflow[██████████,192.168.100.5]		90	365	Zabbix trapper	Netflow

Case 4: NetFlow



Conclusion

Low-Level Discovery:

- Makes SNMP life easier
- Makes FS and Network items a breeze
- Opens up a whole world of new possibilities (get creative!)

Thanks for listening!

Questions?

<http://zbxtutorials.org> | <http://competa.com> | <http://nlzzg.nl>