

Zabbix: Choice of 2 of Top 5 Largest French Banks

Presentation



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What is this presentation about ?

1. About the glue around Zabbix to make it compatible with large environments
2. Some examples about Large environments issues and how we solved them.
3. About DB Monitoring V7 for Large environments

Summary

Part I

- > The Problem
- > Environment
- > Architectures

Part II

- > Too many Alerts
- > Maintenance Granularity
- > Database size

Part III

- > DB Monitoring V7

Part I : Banking Environment

The Problem

Big companies (specially in the banking sector) have big issues because of :

- number of components
- complexity of human organization managing the servers
- Security, ...

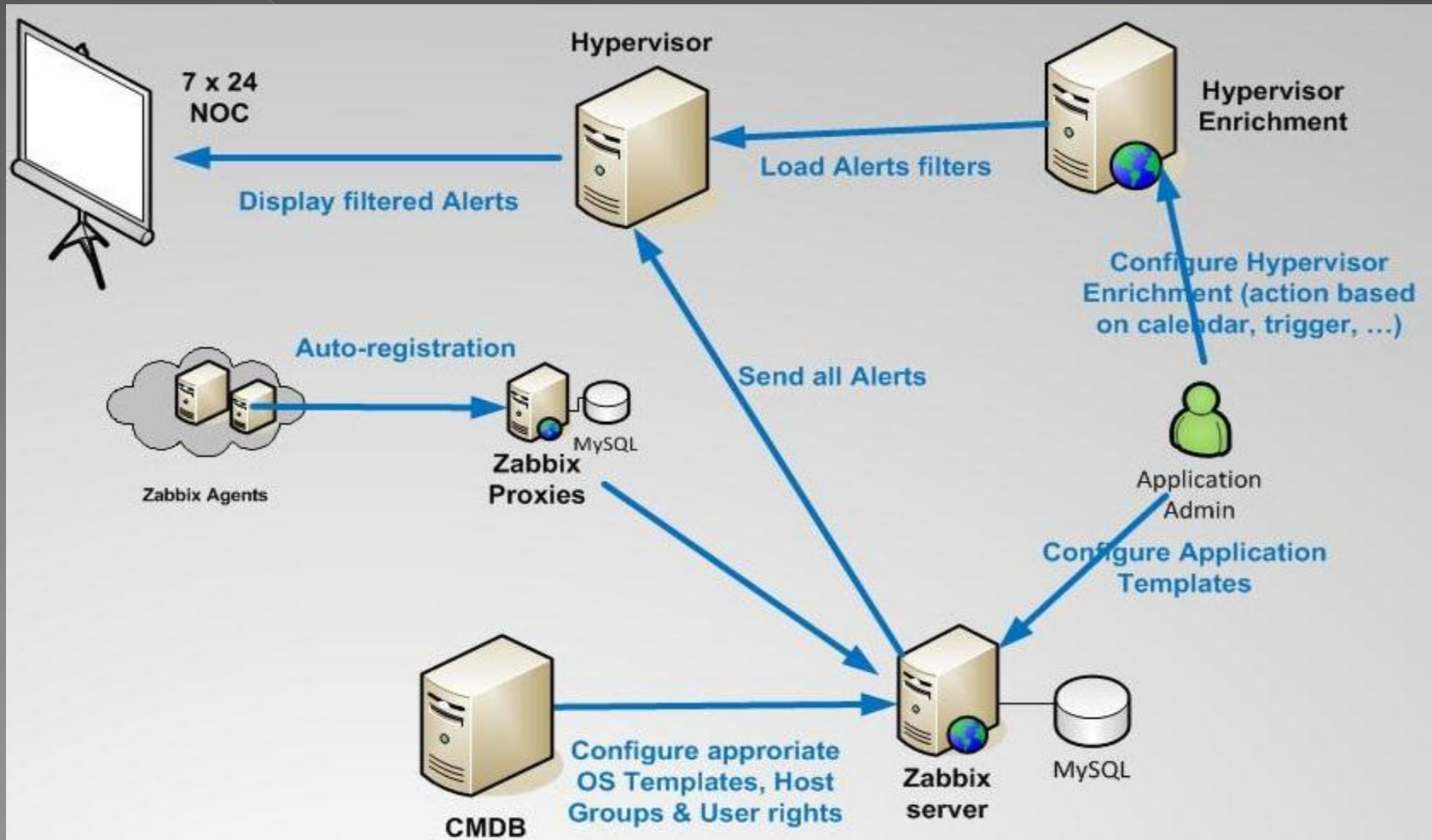
It implies strong constraints on Zabbix platform in terms of :

- Sizing
- Availability (DRP)
- Architecture & performance
- Organization (Human, nomenclature, procedures, ...) ...

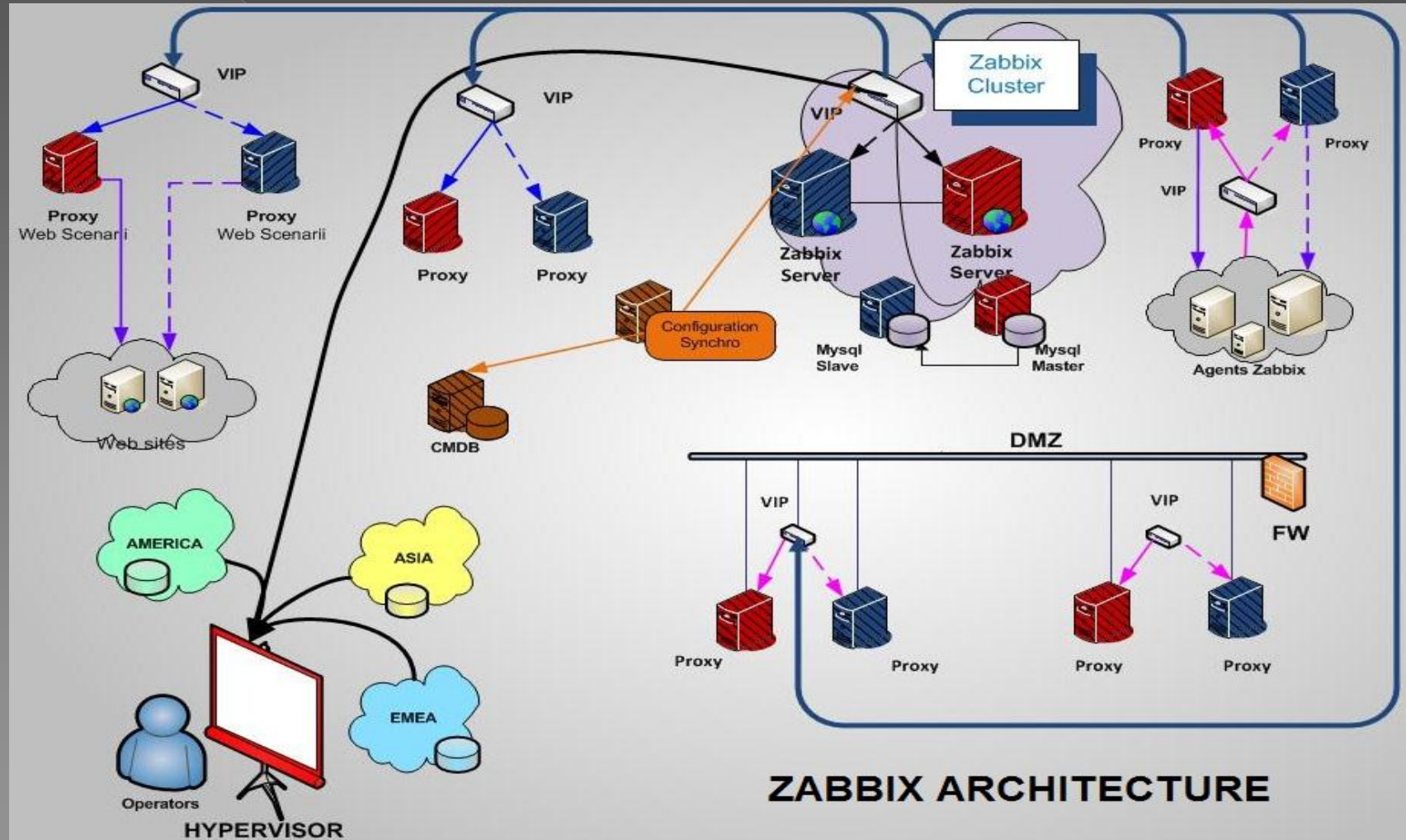
Environment

- More than 14 000 servers , 1 million items
- Some server with over 10 000 items
- Some server with over 10 000 triggers
- More than 10 Teams working on one server, average of 70 simultaneous users connected on the frontend
- More than 5 000 NVS
- Average of 40 000 events by day

Environment : Big picture

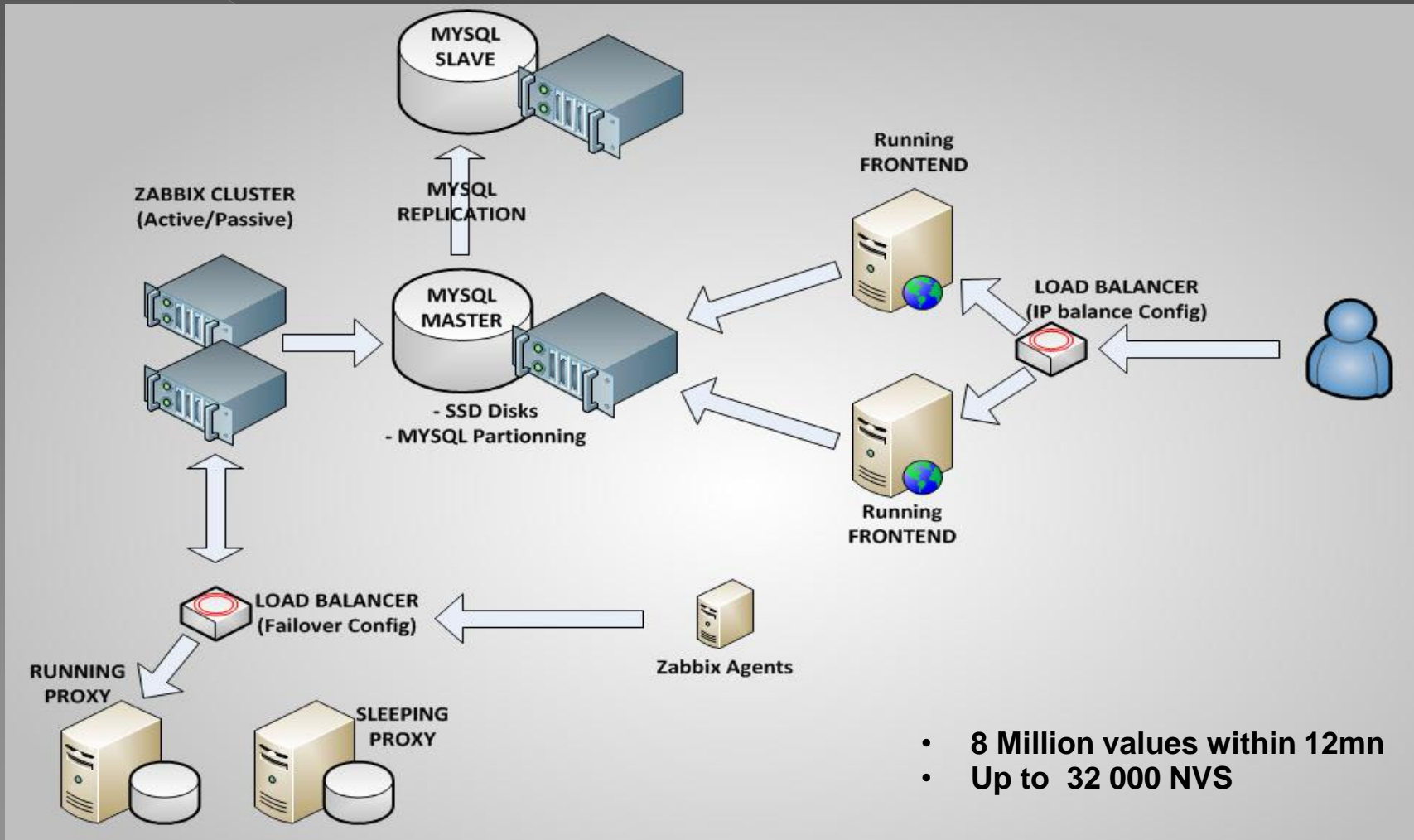


Environment: Zabbix Architecture



ZABBIX ARCHITECTURE

Environment: System Architecture



Part II : Issues

Issue 1 : Too Many Alerts

Issue 1: Too many alerts

Problem

A server with more than 10 000 triggers can fire too many alerts from several sources: OS, Databases, Applications, ...

Having more than 500 fired triggers in Monitoring / Triggers view for one server is not usable.

Each support Team want only to manage their own triggers: for example, OS Support Team is not interested by Database triggers.

Goal : Simplify the views for the end users which complain they are polluted by useless information.

Solution 1: Filter by inventory fields & application

Overview, triggers & Map Filters

- Filter by host inventory fields
- Filter by Application

Pre-requisites

- Load CMDB infos into Zabbix Host inventory

Solution 1: Filter by inventory fields & application

Triggers View: we see all triggers for hosts located in Datacenter1 and which type is Router and which Application is Availability..

Filter by application: AVAILABILITY

Site address A:

Filter by host inventory: Type:

Show hosts in maintenance

<input type="checkbox"/>	Severity	Status	Info	Last change ↓	Age	Acknowledged	Host	Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	Warning	PROBLEM		Jul 23rd, 2014 08:01:04 PM	5d 18h 13m	No events	ROUTER2	log System Warning
<input type="checkbox"/>	High	PROBLEM		Jul 23rd, 2014 08:00:42 PM	5d 18h 13m	No events	ROUTER1	Ping Error
<input type="checkbox"/>	Average	PROBLEM		Jul 23rd, 2014 07:51:03 PM	5d 18h 23m	No events	ROUTER2	TCP Port 23 unreachable
<input type="checkbox"/>	High	PROBLEM		Jul 23rd, 2014 06:35:21 PM	5d 19h 38m	No events	ROUTER3	Ping Error
<input type="checkbox"/>	High	PROBLEM		Jul 23rd, 2014 09:17:55 AM	6d 4h 56m	No events	ROUTER2	↓ SNMPD not running

Solution 1: Filter by inventory fields & application

Overview: we see all triggers for hosts located in Datacenter1 and which type is Router and which Application is Availability..

The screenshot shows the Nagios XI interface with the following configuration in the filter panel:

- Group: GROUP1
- Type: Triggers
- Triggers status: Problem
- Acknowledge status: Any
- Minimum trigger severity: Not classified
- Age less than: 14 days
- Filter by application: AVAILABILITY
- Type: ROUTER
- Filter by host inventory: Site address A: DATACENTER1
- Show hosts in maintenance:

The table below displays the filtered triggers for three routers:

Host	Free memory low	Has just rebooted	log System Warning	Ping Error	snmpd - stopped	SNMPD not running	TCP Port 23 unreachable
ROUTER1				Problem			
ROUTER2	Warning		Warning		Problem	Problem	Problem
ROUTER3		Problem		Problem			

Solution 1: Filter by inventory fields & application

Overview, triggers & Map Filtering

- Table `host_inventory` is loaded from CMDB (nightly SQL scripts, fields are matched between CMDB fields and `host_inventory` fields).
- Triggers View & Overview are filtered by `Host_inventory` fields and/or `Application` (Frontend Dev done by Zabbix SIA originally for my customer, release in version 2.4)
- Map component is filtered by `Application` (Frontend Dev done by Zabbix SIA originally for my customer, release in version 2.4)

Issue 2 : Maintenance Granularity

Issue 2: Maintenance Granularity

Problem

On a server with 20 applications running on it and 20 teams supporting them, maintenance can not be at host level (too high level).

If you put your host in maintenance just only for 1 application, you lose the visibility on the 19 other ones.

Solution 2: Low Level Maintenance

We developed maintenance at trigger level. A Frontend page was developed to manage triggers maintenance, triggers that enter maintenance periods are disabled, triggers that exit maintenance periods are released into unknown state with original status at start date.

Solution 2: Low level Maintenance

host's triggers

Group Host

Caution, status are updated every minute

Filter

<input type="checkbox"/>	Status	Severity	Description	Status	Maintenance	Maintenance since	Maintenance till
<input type="checkbox"/>	OK	Warning	Disk I/O is overloaded on {HOST.NAME}	enabled	Delete	2014-10-01 18:00:00	2014-10-31 18:00:00
<input type="checkbox"/>	OK	Information	Hostname was changed on {HOST.NAME}	enabled	Schedule	N/A	N/A
<input type="checkbox"/>	OK	Information	Host information was changed on {HOST.NAME}	enabled	Delete	2014-11-11 13:00:00	2014-11-11 14:00:00
<input type="checkbox"/>	OK	Information	{HOST.NAME} has just been restarted	enabled	Schedule	N/A	N/A
<input type="checkbox"/>	OK	Average	Lack of available memory on server {HOST.NAME}	enabled	Schedule	N/A	N/A
<input type="checkbox"/>	OK	Warning	/etc/passwd has been changed on {HOST.NAME}	enabled	Schedule	N/A	N/A

Solution 2: Low Level Maintenance

- A new Frontend Tab (Low Level Maintenance) fills in a new table (`trigger_maintenance`) with triggers infos: `start_status`, `stop_status`, `start_date`, `stop_date`, ...
- Triggers are updated according their status at start and stop dates via APIs requests and SQLs
- Triggers are released at `stop_date` in unknown state and original status at `start_date` with a comment « Trigger exits maintenance period, will be updated shortly »

Solution 2: Low level Maintenance

Online Demo

Issue 3 : Database size

Issue 3: Database Size

Problem

If you intend to store history & trends over a long period : You are dead! ... because database will contain too much datas and will be overloaded by frontend requests to get back the graphs for long periods.

Solution 3: Dedicated Archiving

We split the trends on another server (has only a RO frontend and no running zabbix_server daemon), we reduced the history store period. We simplified the Archive frontend, RW access are forbidden for admin users.

Solution 3: Dedicated Archiving

Archiving (readonly Tabs)



Solution 3: Dedicated Archiving

Archiving

- On Zabbix platform, trends are kept 3 months, history datas are kept 5 days
- On Archiving platform, trends are copied from Zabbix platform and kept 3 years. History tables are empty. Readonly Frontend is simplified.
- Trends are copied nightly by SQL scripts.
- Deleted hosts on Zabbix platform are not deleted on Archiving platform.

Other Needs

In Frontend Area

- Friendly & concise Frontend for user
- Could be ... Saveable custom filters at user or usergroup level, embeddable in dashboard

In Architecture Area

- High Availability solution at Application level
- Distributed Mode Architecture

Part III : Database Monitoring

DB Monitoring V7

Database Monitoring for big companies.

Was designed to monitor Oracle, DB2, MSSQL, Mysql & Postgresql through external checks from zabbix proxies that are configured with database clients.

DB Monitoring V7

Database Monitoring for big companies

- Easy to maintain (SQLs scripts are centralized on proxies, not on 10 000 servers)
- Simple (1 php script and 1 template per engine type)
- V7 brings discovery of Databases instances by LLD
- MSSQL partially based on perfmon

DB Monitoring V7

Pros

- Easy to maintain (centralized)
- Simple (1 php script per engine type)
- Was originally developed with databases experts

Cons

- External scripts are big zabbix resources consumers

DB Monitoring V7

Next versions (beginning of 2015)

- Externalscripts replaced by modules
- Sybase support

Download

- Download on <http://www.coreit.fr>
- About 2 000 downloads in 2013

Merci pour votre attention !

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Questions?

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